FCPF Technical Advisory Panel

El Salvador RPP-Revised Version: TAP Comments & Recommendations

June, 2012
FCPF Participants Committee
12th meeting, Santa Marta,
Colombia

For the El Salvador TAP team Tomás Schlichter and Gisela Ulloa

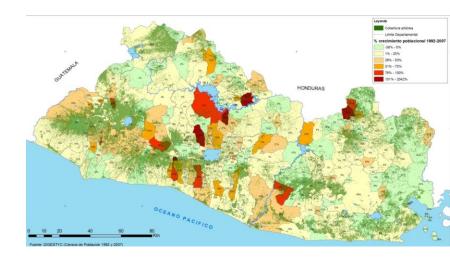






El Salvador is an agrarian society

- Population: 6.1 million
- Rural population: 45%
- High vulnerability to Climate Change events.
- Forests cover 15.3 % of national territory (1998)
- Annual deforestation rate: 48,084ha (1.16%) between 2001-2006.



Strengths of the R-PP

- El Salvador's R-PP included an integral approach
 "Adaptation-based Mitigation" which focusses on
 tackling the high vulnerability of the country to extreme
 events and inserting REDD+ into this bigger framework.
- The document clearly identifies deforestation drivers and their relative importance with an important weight on the enhancement of carbon stocks (the + in REDD+)
- The information provided under Monitoring 4a, has improved drastically where the capacity building plan is very well developed.

Areas for Improvement

- 1, a, b, and c have all improved with respect to the last version, the actual governance framework is now based on a pre-existing management structure, which reduces its complexity
 - More work is required to define the proper participation of key stakeholders in the governance structure at each level and their participation in the decision making needs to be defined and enhanced
- The initial information dissemination and consultation process during the preparation of this document needs to be done properly with the full participation of stakeholders
- The planned consultation process with stakeholders requires more information on how proper involvement will be assured. More discussion and communication with relevant actors on this matter is recommended.
- The social impacts require the same degree of attention as that given to biodiversity impacts monitoring, specially in the context of an Adaptation-based Mitigation framework, which requires to monitor social and economic factors to identify vulnerabilities and resilience capacity

CONCLUSIONS

Estandard	R-PP Abril 23, 2012	R-PP Mayo 31st, 2012
1a. National Readiness Management Arrangements	Standard Partially Met	Standard Partially Met
1b. Information Sharing and Stakeholder Dialogue	Standard Partially Met	Standard Partially Met
1c. Consultation and Participation Process	Standard Partially Met	Standard Partially Met
2a. Land Use, Forest Law, Policy and Governance	Standard Partially Met	Standard Met
2b. REDD+ Strategy Options	Standard Partially Met	Standard Partially Met
2c. Implementation Framework	Standard Partially Met	Standard Partially Met
2d. Social & Environmental Impacts during Preparation and Implementation	Standard Partially Met	Standard Largely Met
3. Reference Level	Standard Partially Met	Standard Largely Met
4a. Monitoring - Emissions and Removals	Standard not Met	Standard Met
4b. Other Multiple Benefits, Impacts and Governance	Standard Partially Met	Standard Partially Met
5. Schedule and Budget	Standard Partially Met	Standard Largely Met
6. Program Monitoring & Evaluation Framework	Standard Met	Standard Met